

## Chapter 01: The History of Mental Health Care

### Morrison-Valfre: Foundations of Mental Health Care, 8th Edition

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#### MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. The belief of the ancient Greek philosopher Plato that the rational soul controlled the irrational soul could be compared with the belief of the more recent psychological theorist:
  - a. Freud
  - b. Pinel
  - c. Fisher
  - d. Rush

ANS: A

Sigmund Freud believed that mental illness was, in part, caused by forces both within and outside the personality. Philippe Pinel advocated acceptance of mentally ill individuals as human beings in need of medical assistance. Alice Fisher was a Florence Nightingale nurse who cared for the mentally ill, and Dr. Benjamin Rush was the author of the book *Diseases of the Mind*.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension      REF: p. 4  
OBJ: 2                      TOP: Early Years of Mental Health  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

2. During the mid-1500s, behaviors associated with mental illness were more accurately recorded by professionals. This practice led to \_\_\_\_\_ for different abnormal behaviors.
  - a. Classifications
  - b. Diagnosing
  - c. Treatment
  - d. Education

ANS: A

Classification of abnormal behaviors did not begin until this time, after the practice of more accurate recording of behaviors was begun. Diagnoses, treatment guidelines, and any education regarding mental health disorders were not available during this period.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 5  
OBJ: 3                      TOP: Mental Illness During the Renaissance  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

3. During the latter part of the eighteenth century, psychiatry became a separate branch of medicine, and inhumane treatment was greatly diminished by the French hospital director:
  - a. Dix
  - b. Beers
  - c. Pinel
  - d. Carter

ANS: C

Philippe Pinel advocated acceptance of the mentally ill, as well as proper treatment. Dorothea Dix crusaded for construction of mental health hospitals. Clifford Beers wrote the book *A Mind That Found Itself*. President Jimmy Carter established the President's Commission on Mental Health in 1978.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 5  
OBJ: 4                      TOP: Mental Illness in the Eighteenth Century  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

4. In 1841, \_\_\_\_\_ surveyed asylums, jails, and almshouses throughout the United States, Canada, and Scotland and is credited with bringing about public awareness and reform for the care of the mentally ill.
- Sigmund Freud
  - John Cade
  - Florence Nightingale
  - Dorothea Dix

ANS: D

Dorothea Dix spent 20 years surveying facilities that housed mentally ill individuals and is credited with major changes in the care of the mentally ill. Sigmund Freud introduced the concept of psychoanalysis, John Cade discovered lithium carbonate for the treatment of bipolar disorder, and Florence Nightingale trained nurses in England in the 1800s.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 6  
OBJ: 4                      TOP: Mental Illness in the Nineteenth Century  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

5. As a direct result of Clifford Beers' work and book, *A Mind That Found Itself*, the Committee for Mental Hygiene was formed in 1909 with a focus on prevention of mental illness and:
- Early detection of symptoms of mental illness
  - Education of caregivers
  - Current treatment options
  - Removing the stigma attached to mental illness

ANS: D

Clifford Beers' book reflected on his attempt at suicide followed by the deplorable care he received for the next 3 years in mental hospitals. Beers' work and book raised the consciousness of people throughout the country regarding prevention and removal of the stigma of having a mental illness. Early detection of symptoms, education of caregivers, and current treatment options regarding mental illness were not the focus of his book, nor were they a priority for the Committee for Mental Hygiene.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 6  
OBJ: 4                      TOP: Mental Illness in the Twentieth Century  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

6. During the 1930s, what common treatment for schizophrenia caused clients to fall into a coma that could last as long as 50 hours?
- Electroconvulsive therapy
  - Insulin therapy
  - Humoral therapy

d. Amphetamine therapy

ANS: B

Insulin therapy was believed to successfully treat schizophrenia in the early 1900s. Amphetamines were used to treat depression, and electroconvulsive therapy was used for severe depression. Humoral therapy, which originated in ancient Greece and Rome, was a belief that mental illness resulted from an imbalance of the humors of air, fire, water, and earth.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 8  
OBJ: 5                      TOP: Influences of War on Mental Health Therapies  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

7. In the 1930s, what mental health disorder was electroconvulsive therapy (ECT) most often used to treat?
- Schizophrenia
  - Bipolar disorder
  - Severe depression
  - Violent behavior

ANS: C

ECT was found to be an effective treatment for severe depression in the 1930s. During this period, schizophrenia was treated with insulin therapy, and violent behavior was treated with a lobotomy. In 1949, lithium carbonate was discovered as a treatment for bipolar disorder.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 6  
OBJ: 5                      TOP: Influences of War on Mental Health Therapies  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

8. In the early twentieth century, a frontal lobotomy was a common treatment for violent behaviors. Which description of this procedure is accurate?
- A procedure that delivers an electrical stimulus to the frontal lobes of the brain
  - A surgical procedure that drills holes in the front of the skull to drain fluid
  - A surgical procedure that severs the frontal lobes of the brain from the thalamus
  - A surgical procedure that inserts implants into the frontal lobes of the brain

ANS: C

A frontal lobotomy is a surgical procedure in which the frontal lobes of the brain are severed from the thalamus.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 6  
OBJ: 5                      TOP: Influences of War on Mental Health Therapies  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

9. Which class of drugs was introduced in the 1930s for the treatment of depression?
- SSRIs
  - Tricyclic antidepressants
  - MAOIs
  - Amphetamines

ANS: D

In the 1930s, amphetamines were found to boost the spirits of depressed people. SSRIs, tricyclic antidepressants, and MAOIs are antidepressant agents, but they were not discovered until much later.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 6  
OBJ: 5                      TOP: Influences of War on Mental Health Therapies  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

10. In 1937, Congress passed the Hill-Burton Act, which was significant for the treatment of mental health because it funded:
- Research on drugs for the treatment of mental health disorders
  - Training of mental health professionals
  - Construction of psychiatric units in facilities throughout North America
  - Development of community mental health clinics

ANS: C

The Hill-Burton Act provided money for the construction of psychiatric units in the United States. Research on drugs was not a part of the Hill-Burton Act. Training of mental health professionals was funded by the National Mental Health Act of 1946, and community mental health centers were not instituted until the 1960s.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 6  
OBJ: 5 | 9                      TOP: Influences of War on Mental Health Therapies  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

11. The National Mental Health Act of 1946 provided a means for funding of programs that promote research on mental health and:
- Development of mental health clinics in the community
  - Training of mental health professionals
  - Treatment for veterans suffering from mental health disorders
  - Educating the public about mental illness

ANS: B

The National Mental Health Act of 1946 provided much needed training for individuals who cared for patients with mental health disorders. Community mental health clinics were initiated in the 1960s, treatment for veterans was not funded by this act, and education of the public occurred later.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 6  
OBJ: 5 | 9                      TOP: Influences of War on Mental Health Therapies  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

12. Which of the following best describes the disorder that was first recognized in veterans following the Korean and Vietnam Wars?
- Depression
  - Bipolar disorder
  - Post-traumatic stress disorder
  - Paranoid schizophrenic disorder

ANS: C

Posttraumatic stress disorder was initially discovered in veterans who had been involved in armed conflicts. The other disorders also occur in veterans but were not first recognized in soldiers who were fighting wars.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 6  
OBJ: 5                      TOP: Influences of War on Mental Health Therapies  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

13. The introduction of \_\_\_\_\_ in the 1950s led to the deinstitutionalization of many mentally ill individuals.
- Psychotherapeutic drugs
  - Community mental health clinics
  - Residential treatment centers
  - State mental health facilities

ANS: A

Psychotherapeutic drugs allowed for better control of behaviors than did other therapies alone during the 1950s. Patients were being released from state mental health facilities as a result of psychotherapeutic drug therapy. Community mental health clinics and residential treatment centers resulted from the deinstitutionalization of patients.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 7  
OBJ: 6                      TOP: Introduction of Psychotherapeutic Drugs  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

14. In 1949, an Australian physician discovered which therapy to be an effective treatment for bipolar (manic-depressive) illness?
- Insulin therapy
  - Water/ice therapy
  - Lithium carbonate therapy
  - Electroconvulsive therapy

ANS: C

To this day, lithium is a treatment that is used to effectively balance the manic states and depressive states of bipolar disorder. None of the other therapies listed are effective for bipolar disorder.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 7  
OBJ: 6                      TOP: Introduction of Psychotherapeutic Drugs  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

15. In the early 1960s, a committee appointed by President John F. Kennedy recommended the development of a new approach to the way mental health care was administered, with an emphasis on the introduction of:
- Psychotherapeutic drugs
  - State mental health care systems
  - Community mental health centers
  - Deinstitutionalization of patients

ANS: C

The emergence of community mental health centers was necessary, in part because of the massive deinstitutionalization of patients from state mental health care facilities after the introduction of psychotherapeutic drugs in the 1950s.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 7  
OBJ: 7                      TOP: Introduction of Psychotherapeutic Drugs  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

16. The Mental Health Systems Act of 1980 was one of the most progressive mental health bills in the history of the United States, but its enactment was interrupted by the:
- Election of a new president
  - Appointment of a new Surgeon General
  - Rapid expansion of community centers
  - National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI) surveys

ANS: A

The election of a new president and his administration led to drastic cuts in federal funding for mental health programs. None of the other three choices were a part of the Mental Health Systems Act of 1980.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 7  
OBJ: 9                      TOP: Congressional Actions  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

17. The Omnibus Budget Reform Act (OBRA) of 1987 prevented the housing of people with chronic mental illness in:
- Nursing homes
  - State mental health facilities
  - Residential treatment centers
  - Homeless shelters

ANS: A

Many mentally ill, especially elderly, people were inappropriately placed in nursing homes with personnel who were not trained to care for these people. OBRA prevented this practice. State mental health facilities, residential treatment centers, and homeless shelters were not addressed in the OBRA of 1987.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 8  
OBJ: 9                      TOP: Congressional Actions  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment      MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

18. In the late 1980s, government funding for mental health care dwindled, and most insurance companies                      coverage for psychiatric care.
- Withdrew
  - Increased
  - Decreased
  - Added

ANS: A

Unfortunately, insurance companies followed the trend of the national government to the point of actually dropping coverage for psychiatric care.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 1  
OBJ: 9                      TOP: Congressional Actions  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment    MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

19. In 2006, the National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI) conducted a comprehensive survey and grading of state mental health care for adults and learned that the overall grade for care was:
- A
  - B
  - C
  - D

ANS: D

The NAMI gave a grade of -D to the mental health care system based on poor funding, limited availability of care, and patients' lack of access to mental health care.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 6  
OBJ: 9                      TOP: Congressional Actions  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment    MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

20. Which of the following persons has the greatest risk for developing ineffective coping behaviors?
- The middle-aged man whose diet is high in saturated fat and who has a 20-year history of tobacco use
  - The single 30-year-old female facing the death of her father
  - The 19-year-old college student with a family history of schizophrenia
  - The 9-year-old whose parents are nurturing but provide chores and responsibilities

ANS: C

Mental health is influenced by three factors: inherited characteristics, childhood nurturing, and life circumstances. The risk for developing ineffective coping behaviors increases when problems exist in any one of these areas.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 2  
OBJ: 2                      TOP: Introduction    KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment  
MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

21. In the early 1900s the first theory of mental illness that showed behavior could be changed is attributed to:
- Beers
  - Dix
  - Freud
  - Pinel

ANS: C

Freud was the first person who succeeded in explaining human behavior in psychological terms and in demonstrating that behavior can be changed under the proper circumstances.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 8  
OBJ: 5                      TOP: Psychoanalysis  
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment    MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

1. The humoral theory of disease embraced by Hippocrates required a balance of which elements? (*Select all that apply.*)
  - a. Fire
  - b. Water
  - c. Light
  - d. Air
  - e. Earth

ANS: A, B, D, E

Hippocrates viewed mental illness as a result of an imbalance of humors—the fundamental elements of air, fire, water, and earth. Each basic element had a related humor or part in the body.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 2  
 OBJ: 2                      TOP: Greece and Rome  
 KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment    MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

2. Which aspects of adult mental health care systems did the National Alliance on Mental Illness survey focus on? (*Select all that apply.*)
  - a. Availability of care
  - b. Access to care
  - c. Regulation of medications
  - d. Increased funding

ANS: A, B, D

In 2006, the National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI) conducted the first comprehensive survey and grading of state adult mental health care systems conducted in more than 15 years (NAMI, 2006). Their results revealed a fragmented system with an overall grade of D. Recommendations focused on increased funding, availability of care, access to care, and greater involvement of consumers and their families.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 8  
 OBJ: 9                      TOP: Twenty-first century  
 KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment    MSC: Client Needs: Psychosocial Integrity

3. Mental health is said to be influenced by which of the following factors? (*Select all that apply.*)
  - a. Diet and nutritional intake
  - b. Inherited characteristics
  - c. Activities of daily living
  - d. Childhood nurturing
  - e. Life circumstances

ANS: B, D, E

Mental health is influenced by three factors: inherited characteristics, childhood nurturing, and life circumstances. The risk for developing ineffective coping behaviors increases when problems exist in any one of these areas.

PTS: 1                      DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge                      REF: p. 7  
 OBJ: 2                      TOP: Congressional Actions