

## Chapter 02: Suffixes and Combining Forms Made Easy

### Leonard: Quick & Easy Medical Terminology, 8th Edition

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#### MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. Suture of a blood vessel is called:

- a. angiectomy
- b. angioplasty
- c. angiorrhaphy
- d. angiotomy

ANS: C

REF: p. 29

TOP: Surgical Suffixes

2. Surgical puncture of the thin membrane that surrounds the fetus is called:

- a. adenectomy
- b. amniocentesis
- c. angiorrhhexis
- d. glycolysis

ANS: B

REF: p. 29

TOP: Surgical Suffixes

3. Pain along the course of a nerve is called:

- a. neuralgia
- b. neurocele
- c. neuroplasty
- d. neurosis

ANS: A

REF: p. 36

TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

4. Protrusion of all or part of an organ through the wall of a cavity that contains it is called:

- a. a hernia
- b. dilatation
- c. edema
- d. emesis

ANS: A

REF: p. 36

TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

5. A term that means stretching of a structure is:

- a. dilatation
- b. ptosis
- c. prolapse
- d. spasm

ANS: A

REF: p. 36

TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

6. The presence of abnormally large amounts of fluid in the tissues that results in swelling is called:

- a. dilatation
- b. edema
- c. emesis
- d. ptosis

ANS: B                      REF: p. 36                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

7. Excessive preoccupation with fire is termed:
- hydrophobia
  - kleptomania
  - paranoia
  - pyromania

ANS: D                      REF: p. 44                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

8. Carcinoma is:
- an abnormal fear of something
  - another term for cancer
  - any disease of a body structure
  - excessive preoccupation with illness

ANS: B                      REF: p. 37                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

9. *Prolapse* means:
- cramping
  - discharge
  - sagging
  - rupture

ANS: C                      REF: p. 37                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

10. A word that is also a suffix that means *stopping or controlling* is:
- edema
  - mania
  - ptosis
  - stasis

ANS: D                      REF: p. 37                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

11. Surgical repair of the eye is:
- ophthalmalgia
  - ophthalmological
  - ophthalmoplasty
  - ophthalmorrhagia

ANS: C                      REF: p. 34                      TOP: Surgical Suffixes

12. A surgical procedure to increase the size of the breasts is:
- augmentation mammoplasty
  - mammography
  - mastitis
  - reduction mammoplasty

ANS: A                      REF: p. 33                      TOP: Combining Forms for Body Structures

13. Partial or total excision of a nerve is called:
- neurectomy

- b. neurology
- c. neuroplasty
- d. neurosis

ANS: A                      REF: p. 32                      TOP: Surgical Suffixes

14. A surgical procedure in which the colon is sutured to the abdominal wall is:
- a. colonoscopy
  - b. colopexy
  - c. coloscopy
  - d. colostomy

ANS: B                      REF: pp. 32, 33                      TOP: Surgical Suffixes

15. A term that means *vomiting* is:
- a. amnion
  - b. emesis
  - c. endocrine
  - d. forensic

ANS: B                      REF: p. 36                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

16. The branch of medicine concerned with the administration of drugs or agents that produce loss of feeling is:
- a. anesthesiologist
  - b. anesthesiology
  - c. immunologist
  - d. immunology

ANS: B                      REF: p. 26                      TOP: Specialists and Specialties

17. The physician who specializes in intestinal and gastric disorders is a:
- a. gastroenterologist
  - b. gastroenterology
  - c. gerontologist
  - d. gerontology

ANS: A                      REF: p. 24                      TOP: Specialists and Specialties

18. The medical specialty that is devoted to treating diseases of the female reproductive organs, including the breasts, is:
- a. gerontology
  - b. gynecology
  - c. pathology
  - d. urology

ANS: B                      REF: p. 24                      TOP: Specialists and Specialties

19. A term that means *uniting a wound by stitches* is:
- a. excision
  - b. incision
  - c. surgical puncture
  - d. suture

ANS: D                      REF: pp. 29, 33                      TOP: Surgical Suffixes

20. A term that means the *opposite of malignant* is:
- benign
  - cancerous
  - obstetric
  - ptosis

ANS: A                      REF: p. 23                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Terms

21. Inflammation of the eye is called:
- ophthalmalgia
  - ophthalmitis
  - ophthalmopathy
  - ophthalmorrhexis

ANS: B                      REF: p. 39                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

22. Herniation of the brain through an opening in the skull is called:
- craniectomy
  - craniotomy
  - encephalocele
  - encephalopathy

ANS: C                      REF: p. 36                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

23. The term *cardiologist* means:
- a heart specialist
  - any disease of the heart
  - inflammation of the heart muscle
  - study of the heart and its associated diseases

ANS: A                      REF: p. 20                      TOP: Specialists and Specialties

24. Rupture of the eyeball is termed:
- ophthalmocentesis
  - ophthalmorrhexis
  - otorrhexis
  - otorrhea

ANS: B                      REF: p. 39                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

25. Cramping of the hand is:
- chirosis
  - cholestasis
  - chirospasm
  - colostomy

ANS: C                      REF: pp. 31, 40                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

26. Which of the following terms means *dilation of a blood or lymph vessel*?
- angioplasty

- b. vasotomy
- c. vascular
- d. angiectasis

ANS: D                      REF: pp. 36, 40                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

27. Any skin condition in which inflammation is not generally a symptom is termed:
- a. cutaneous
  - b. dermatitis
  - c. dermatopathy
  - d. dermatosis

ANS: D                      REF: p. 40                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

28. Controlling the flow of blood in a vein by means of compression is called:
- a. angiectasia
  - b. phlebostasis
  - c. vasoplasty
  - d. venosis

ANS: B                      REF: p. 40                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

29. Calcipenia means:
- a. abnormal fear of taking calcium
  - b. deficiency of calcium in the body
  - c. excessive preoccupation with taking calcium
  - d. loss of calcium owing to excessive vomiting

ANS: B                      REF: p. 37                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

30. Lithiasis is:
- a. a condition in which a stone is present
  - b. a membrane or sac enclosing a stone
  - c. an unexpected symptom for a particular disease
  - d. the presence of disease

ANS: A                      REF: p. 40                      TOP: Symptoms and Diagnostic Suffixes

31. The medical specialty that studies the nature and cause of disease is:
- a. cardiology
  - b. dermatology
  - c. pathology
  - d. urology

ANS: C                      REF: pp. 25, 40                      TOP: Specialists and Specialties

32. A term that means *pertaining to the ear* is:
- a. dermatologic
  - b. neural
  - c. ophthalmic
  - d. otic

ANS: D                      REF: p. 24                      TOP: Miscellaneous Suffixes and Combining Forms